Vaccine Recommendations During a Natural Disaster

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Tetanus

- Tetanus-prone wounds fairly common after major disaster:
 - compound fractures
 - deep penetrating wounds
 - wounds containing foreign bodies (esp. wood splinters)
 - wounds with extensive tissue damage (eg. contusions or burns)
 - any wound obviously contaminated with soil, dust or horse manure (esp. if topical disinfection delayed > 4 hours).

Tetanus

Administer Tdap adolescents and adults who have no documentation of TT-containing vax in past 10 yrs

 Regardless of interval since last Td

 1 in 12 reported cases of tetanus had no reported injury or lesion.

Tetanus

- Administer primary series of 3 doses of TT-containing vax to adults who did not receive DTP/DTaP as a child, or whose vax hx is unknown
 - Use Tdap to replace a dose of Td in series (preferably as the 1st dose in the series)
 - Separate 1st 2 doses by 4 weeks; administer
 3rd dose > 6 mos after 2nd dose

Hepatitis B

- Use standard precautions to protect against exposure to blood or bloodcontaining fluids.
- If a responder who is not fully vaccinated comes into contact with blood or body fluids, take post exposure precautions according to published recommendations www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/r r5011a1.htm

Vaccines in Crowded Group Settings

- MMR for everyone > 12 m/o and born during or after 1957, unless documentation of 2 doses
- Varicella vax for everyone > 12 m/o unless they:
 - Have a reliable hx of chickenpox
 - Have documentation of 2 doses of varicella vax
 - Were born in U.S. before 1980

Influenza Vaccine

If during flu season and flu vax available:

Administer flu vaccines to everyone 6 months of age and older (the public and responders), unless there is a valid contraindication.

Hepatitis A

- For responders, the risk of disease is extremely low
 - Hep A vax not recommended for responders
 - In past 20 years, responders working in circumstances similar to Katrina did not get Hep A
- Hep A vax not recommended for evacuees, unless exposure to Hep A is suspected



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Registry

- In Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alabama, where many evacuees lost personal records, the States' IISs were invaluable in the relief effort – part of which is to vaccinate children and adults.
- > 8,300 queries were made to the Louisiana Immunization Network for Kids Statewide (LINKS) regarding vax histories for evacuees.
- LINKS remained functional because of a backup system in Baton Rouge.



Don't become part of the problem

Make sure all your vaccines are up to date

Carry your vaccine record with you
 If it's not documented, it's not done

Recommended Responder Vaccinations

- To address vaccine-preventable disease risks to responders:
- Tetanus if not up to date
- Hepatitis B if patient care or exposure to bodily fluids
- If working in large ECs, other vaccines as recommended for evacuees